

Brushless DC-Servomotors

with integrated Encoder

4 Pole Technology

11 mNm

For combination with
Gearheads:
22F, 22/7, 26A

2232 ... BX4 S + Encoders

| | 2232 S | 012 BX4 S | 024 BX4 S | |
|--|-------------------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------|------------------------------|
| 1 Nominal voltage | U_N | 12 | 24 | Volt |
| 2 Terminal resistance, phase-phase | R | 3,5 | 12,4 | Ω |
| 3 Output power ¹⁾ | $P_{2 \text{ max.}}$ | 4,4 | 4,5 | W |
| 4 Efficiency | $\eta_{\text{ max.}}$ | 60,9 | 61,7 | % |
| 5 No-load speed | n_0 | 13 200 | 14 000 | rpm |
| 6 No-load current (with shaft \varnothing 3,0 mm) | I_0 | 0,163 | 0,088 | A |
| 7 Stall torque | M_H | 27,3 | 29,4 | mNm |
| 8 Friction torque, static | C_0 | 0,6 | 0,6 | mNm |
| 9 Friction torque, dynamic | C_v | $5,5 \cdot 10^{-5}$ | $5,5 \cdot 10^{-5}$ | mNm/rpm |
| 10 Speed constant | k_n | 1 173 | 616 | rpm/V |
| 11 Back-EMF constant | k_E | 0,852 | 1,623 | mV/rpm |
| 12 Torque constant | k_M | 8,14 | 15,50 | mNm/A |
| 13 Current constant | k_I | 0,123 | 0,065 | A/mNm |
| 14 Slope of n-M curve | $\Delta n / \Delta M$ | 504 | 493 | rpm/mNm |
| 15 Terminal inductance, phase-phase | L | 130 | 470 | μH |
| 16 Mechanical time constant | τ_m | 22 | 22 | ms |
| 17 Rotor inertia | J | 4,2 | 4,2 | gcm^2 |
| 18 Angular acceleration | $\alpha_{\text{ max.}}$ | 65 | 70 | $\cdot 10^3 \text{ rad/s}^2$ |
| 19 Thermal resistance | $R_{\text{th} 1} / R_{\text{th} 2}$ | 2 / 13 | | K/W |
| 20 Thermal time constant | τ_{w1} / τ_{w2} | 4,1 / 283 | | s |
| 21 Operating temperature range | | - 40 ... + 100 | | $^{\circ}\text{C}$ |
| 22 Shaft bearings | | ball bearings, preloaded | | |
| 23 Shaft load max.: | | | | |
| – radial at 3 000 rpm (4 mm from mounting flange) | | 20 | | N |
| – axial at 3 000 rpm | | 2 | | N |
| – axial at standstill | | 20 | | N |
| 24 Shaft play: | | | | |
| – radial | \leq | 0,015 | | mm |
| – axial | \equiv | 0 | | mm |
| 25 Housing material | | stainless steel | | |
| 26 Weight | | 81 | | g |
| 27 Direction of rotation | | electronically reversible | | |
| 28 Number of pole pairs | | 2 | | |
| Recommended values - mathematically independent of each other | | | | |
| 29 Speed up to | $n_e \text{ max.}$ | 40 000 | 40 000 | rpm |
| 30 Torque up to ^{1) 2)} | $M_e \text{ max.}$ | 7 / 11 | 7 / 11 | mNm |
| 31 Current up to ^{1) 2)} | $I_e \text{ max.}$ | 1,06 / 1,61 | 0,58 / 0,86 | A |

¹⁾ at 5 000 rpm

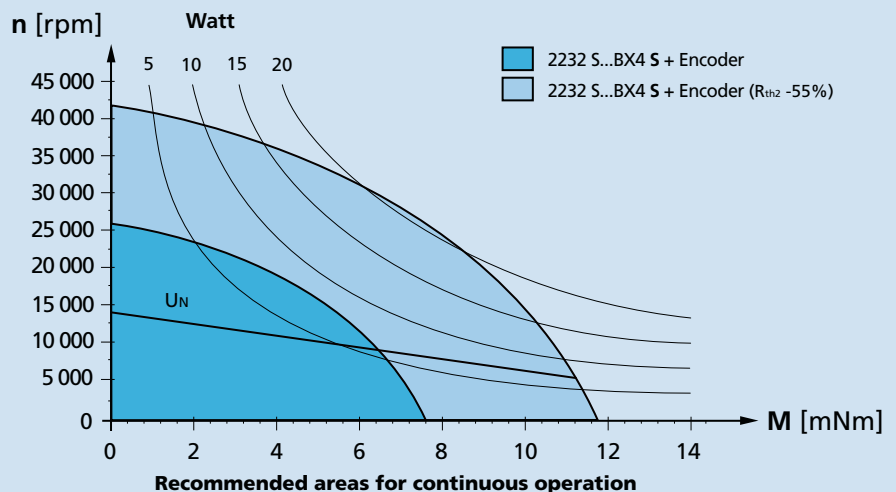
²⁾ thermal resistance $R_{\text{th} 2}$ not reduced / thermal resistance $R_{\text{th} 2}$ by 55% reduced

Note:

The diagram indicates the recommended speed in relation to the available torque at the output shaft for a given ambient temperature of 22°C.

The diagram shows the motor in a completely insulated as well as thermally coupled condition ($R_{\text{th} 2}$ 55% reduced).

The nominal voltage (U_N) curve shows the operating point at nominal voltage in the insulated and thermally coupled condition. Any points of operation above the curve at nominal voltage will require a higher operating voltage. Any points below the nominal voltage curve will require less voltage.



Features

The brushless DC-servomotors feature in this version an Encoder that is available with different interfaces. A permanent magnet on the shaft creates a moving magnetic field which is captured using a single-chip angular sensor and further processed.

In the IE3 version, the brushless DC servomotors have an encoder with 3 output channels. At the encoder outputs, two 90° phase-shifted rectangular signals are available with up to 1 024 impulses and an index impulse per motor revolution. The encoder is available in a variety of different resolutions and is suitable for speed control and positioning applications.

The Line Driver IE3L version has differential signal outputs (TIA-422). Differential signals reduce ambient interference and are suitable for applications with high ambient interference. The line driver amplifies the encoder signal which means that long cables can be used without signal degradation. Differential signal outputs must be decoded by the appropriate receiver module. The motor and encoder cables are connected via separate ribbon cables. Other resolutions of 1 - 127 impulses are available on request.

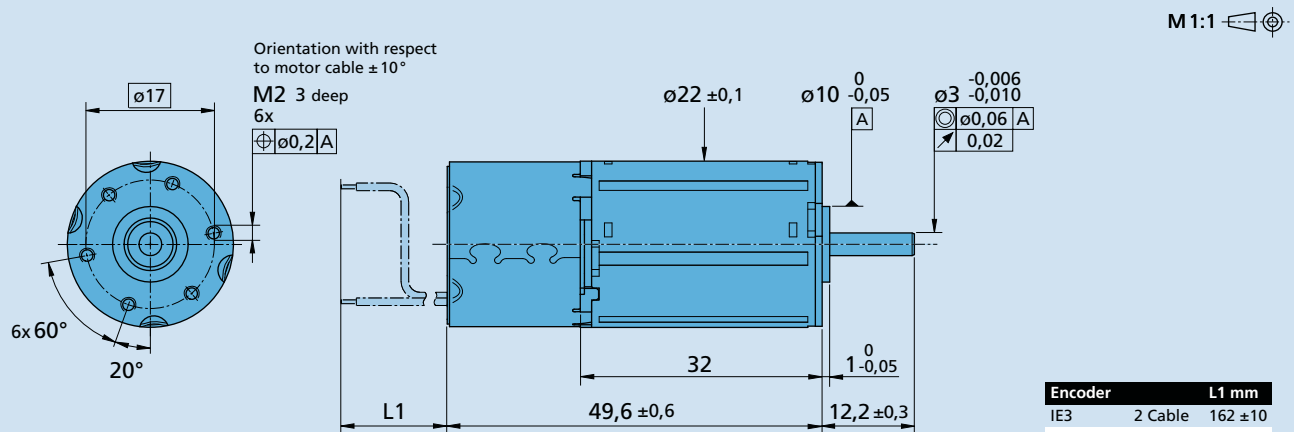
In the AES version (absolute encoder), absolute position information is provided with a resolution of 4096 steps per revolution at the signal outputs and communicated via a serial (SSI) interface. Absolute means, that each shaft position is assigned to a unique angular value within one revolution. This value is already available directly after power-on.

The absolute encoder is ideal for commutation, speed and position control of the motor. It can be used to create a sinusoidal commutation signal. The advantages are a reduced torque ripple, a higher efficiency, and reduced electrical noise generation.

Motor and encoder are connected via a common ribbon cable.

For more information about installation and setup a detailed instruction manual is included with the product or is available online at www.faulhaber.com

Dimensional drawing



2232 S ... BX4 S+ Encoder

| Brushless DC-Servomotor 2232 ... BX4 S with Encoder | | IE3 - 32 | IE3 - 64 | IE3 - 128 | IE3 - 256 | IE3 - 512 | IE3 - 1024 | |
|---|---------------------|------------------|----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|------------|------------------|
| Lines per revolution | N | 32 | 64 | 128 | 256 | 512 | 1024 | |
| Frequency range ¹⁾ , up to | f | 15 | 30 | 60 | 120 | 240 | 430 | kHz |
| Signal output, square wave | | 2+1 Index | | | | | | channels |
| Supply voltage Encoder | U _{DD Enc} | 4,5 ... 5,5 | | | | | | V DC |
| Current consumption, typical ²⁾ | I _{DD Enc} | typ. 16, max. 23 | | | | | | mA |
| Output current, max. allowable ³⁾ | I _{OUT} | 4 | | | | | | mA |
| Index Pulse width ⁴⁾ | P ₀ | 90 ± 45 | | | | 90 ± 75 | | °e |
| Phase shift, channel A to B ⁴⁾ | Φ | 90 ± 45 | | | | 90 ± 75 | | °e |
| Signal rise/fall time, max. (C _{LOAD} = 50 pF) | tr/tf | 0,1/0,1 | | | | | | µs |
| Inertia of encoder magnet | J | 0,08 | | | | | | gcm ² |

| Connection information Motor | | IE3 - 32 | IE3 - 64 | IE3 - 128 | IE3 - 256 | IE3 - 512 | IE3 - 1024 | |
|--|-----------------|------------|----------|-----------|-----------|-------------|------------|------|
| Supply voltage Hallsensors ⁵⁾ | U _{DD} | 2,2 ... 18 | | | | 4,5 ... 5,5 | | V DC |

¹⁾ speed (rpm) = f(Hz) x 60/N

²⁾ U_{DD Enc} = 5V: with unloaded outputs

³⁾ U_{DD Enc} = 5V: low logic level < 0,4V, high logic level > 4,5V: CMOS- and TTL compatible

⁴⁾ at 5 000 rpm

⁵⁾ IE3-32/64/128/256 U_{DD} ≠ U_{DD ENC} (galvanically isolated)

IE3-512 / 1024 U_{DD} = U_{DD ENC}

Features / Connector information

Options

- Connector variant (Option no. 3592)

Encoder:

AWG 28 / PVC ribbon cable with connector PicoBlade (pitch 1,25 mm)



Motor:

AWG 26 / PVC ribbon cable with connector Micro-Fit

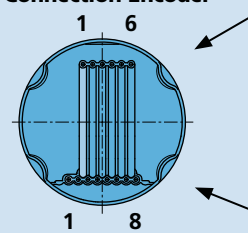


Full product description

- Examples:

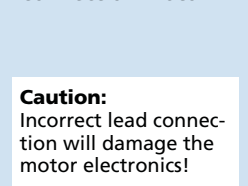
2232S024BX4 S IE3-1024

Connection Encoder



| No. | Function |
|-----|---------------------|
| 1 | n.c. |
| 2 | Channel I (Index) |
| 3 | GND _{Enc} |
| 4 | U _{DD Enc} |
| 5 | Channel B |
| 6 | Channel A |

Connection Motor

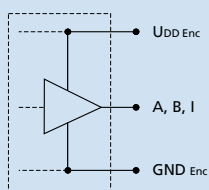


| No. | Function |
|-----|-----------------|
| 1 | Phase C |
| 2 | Phase B |
| 3 | Phase A |
| 4 | GND |
| 5 | U _{DD} |
| 6 | Hall sensor C |
| 7 | Hall sensor B |
| 8 | Hall sensor A |

Caution:
Incorrect lead connection will damage the motor electronics!

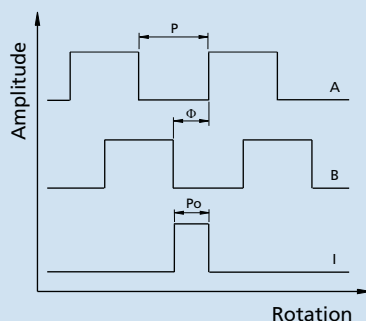
Output signals / Circuit diagram

Output circuit



Output signals

with clockwise rotation as seen from the shaft end



Admissible deviation of phase shift/Index pulse:

$$\Delta\Phi = \left| 90^\circ - \frac{\Phi}{P} * 180^\circ \right| \leq 75^\circ \quad \Delta P_0 = \left| 90^\circ - \frac{P_0}{P} * 180^\circ \right| \leq 75^\circ$$

| Brushless DC-Servomotor 2232 ... BX4 S with Encoder | | IE3-32 L | IE3-64 L | IE3-128 L | IE3-256 L | IE3-512 L | IE3-1024 L | |
|---|---------------------|---------------------------------------|----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|------------|------------------|
| Lines per revolution | N | 32 | 64 | 128 | 256 | 512 | 1 024 | |
| Frequency range ¹⁾ , up to | f | 15 | 30 | 60 | 120 | 240 | 430 | kHz |
| Signal output, square wave | | 2 + 1 index and complementary outputs | | | | | | channels |
| Supply voltage | U _{DD Enc} | 4,5 ... 5,5 | | | | | | V DC |
| Current consumption, typical ²⁾ | I _{DD Enc} | typ. 17, max. 25 | | | | | | mA |
| Index Pulse width ³⁾ | P ₀ | 90 ± 45 | | | | 90 ± 75 | | °e |
| Phase shift, channel A to B ³⁾ | Φ | 90 ± 45 | | | | 90 ± 75 | | °e |
| Inertia of encoder magnet | J | 0,08 | | | | | | gcm ² |

¹⁾ speed (rpm) = f (Hz) x 60/N

²⁾ U_{DD Enc} = 5 V: with unloaded outputs

³⁾ at 5 000 rpm

Notes: The output signals are TIA-422 compatible.

Examples of Line driver Receivers: ST26C32ABD (STM), ST26C32IP16 (EXAR), DS26C32AT (NSC).

Features / Connector information

Options

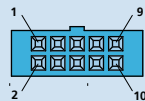
- Connector variant (Option no.: 3589)

Motor:

AWG 26 / PVC ribbon cable with connector Micro-Fit

Encoder:

AWG 28 / PVC ribbon cable with connector DIN-41651 (pitch 2,54 mm)

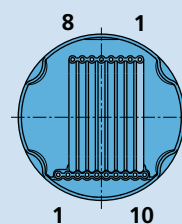


Full product description

- Examples:

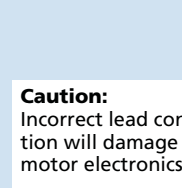
2232S024BX4S IE3-1024 L

Connection Motor



| No. | Function |
|-----|----------------------------------|
| 1 | Phase C |
| 2 | Phase B |
| 3 | Phase A |
| 4 | GND |
| 5 | U _{DD} (2,2 ... 18V DC) |
| 6 | Hall sensor C |
| 7 | Hall sensor B |
| 8 | Hall sensor A |

Connection Encoder



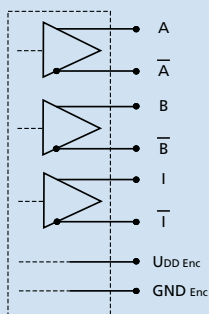
| No. | Function |
|-----|---------------------------|
| 1 | n.c. |
| 2 | U _{DD Enc} |
| 3 | GND _{Enc} |
| 4 | n.c. |
| 5 | Channel \bar{A} |
| 6 | Channel A |
| 7 | Channel \bar{B} |
| 8 | Channel B |
| 9 | Channel \bar{I} (Index) |
| 10 | Channel I (Index) |

Caution:

Incorrect lead connection will damage the motor electronics!

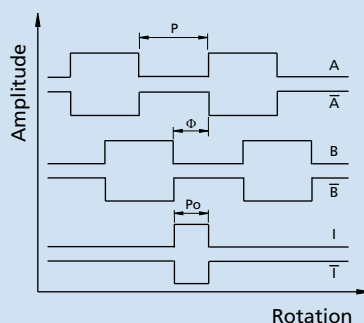
Output signals / Circuit diagram

Output circuit



Output signals

with clockwise rotation as seen from the shaft end



Admissible deviation of phase shift/Index pulse:

$$\Delta\Phi = \left| 90^\circ - \frac{\Phi}{P} * 180^\circ \right| \leq 75^\circ \quad \Delta P_0 = \left| 90^\circ - \frac{P_0}{P} * 180^\circ \right| \leq 75^\circ$$

| Brushless DC-Servomotor 2232 ... BX4 S with Encoder | | AES-4096 | |
|---|---------------|------------------------------------|------|
| Lines per revolution (resolution) | N | 4 096 | |
| Signal output | | Synchronous Serial Interface (SSI) | |
| Supply voltage | $U_{DD\ Enc}$ | 4,5 ... 5,5 | V DC |
| Current consumption, typical ¹⁾ | $I_{DD\ Enc}$ | typ. 16, max. 23 | mA |
| Output current, max. (DATA) ²⁾ | | 4 | mA |
| Clock Frequency, max. (CLK) | | 2 | MHz |
| Input low level (CLK) | | 0 ... 0,8 | V |
| Input high level (CLK) | | 2 ... $U_{DD\ Enc}$ | V |
| Setup time after power on, max. | t_{setup} | 4 | ms |
| Operating temperature range | | - 40 ... +100 | °C |

¹⁾ $U_{DD\ Enc} = 5V$: with unloaded outputs

²⁾ $U_{DD\ Enc} = 5V$: low logic level $\leq 0,4V$, high logic level $\geq 4,6V$

Features / Connector information

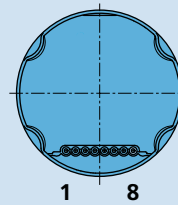
Options

- Connector variant (Option no. 3830)
AWG 26 / PVC ribbon cable
with connector Micro-Fit



Full product description

- Examples:
2232S024BX4S AES-4096



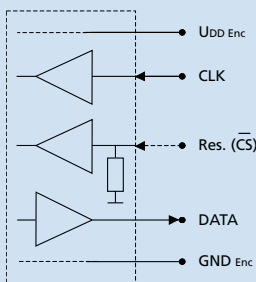
| No. | Function |
|-----|---------------|
| 1 | Phase C |
| 2 | Phase B |
| 3 | Phase A |
| 4 | GND Enc |
| 5 | $U_{DD\ Enc}$ |
| 6 | CLK |
| 7 | Res. (CS) |
| 8 | DATA |

Connection Motor and Encoder

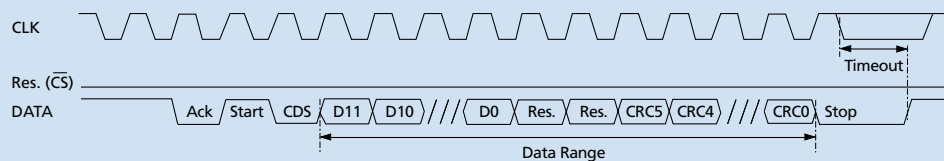
Caution:
Incorrect lead connection will damage the motor electronics!

Circuit diagram / Interface signals

Output circuit



Interface signals (SSI)



Angle position values are ascending for clockwise rotation.
Clockwise rotation as seen from the shaft end